

## Certificate

### **Certified Passive House Component**

for cool, temperate climates; valid until 31.12.2016

Category: Window Frame

Manufacturer: Beijing Milan Window Energy Saving Co.,Ltd

102211 BEIJING, CHINA

Product name: Passiv 115

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria:

Given a Ug value of 0.70 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K) and a window size of 1.23 m by 1.48 m,

 $U_W = 0.79 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K}) \le 0.80 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K})$ 

Taking into account the installation based thermal bridges and provided that the installation is, with regard to the thermal bridges, equal or better than shown in the data sheet, the window meets the following criterion.

 $U_{W,installed} \leq 0.85 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$ 

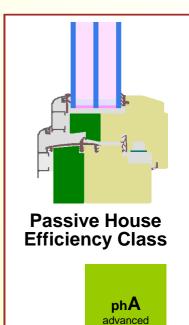
#### Thermal data

	U <sub>f</sub> -value	Width	$\Psi_{g}$	f <sub>Rsi=0.25</sub>
	[W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)]	[mm]	[W/(mK)]	[-]
Spacer			SWISSP.	Ultimate*
Bottom	0.81	119	0.025	0.73
Side/top	0.81	119	0.025	0.73

\*Spacers of lower thermal quality, especially those made of aluminium, lead to significantly higher thermal losses and lower temperature factors.

For further information, please see the data sheet

Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt GERMANY



component

phB basic component

phC certifiable component

not suitable for Passive Houses





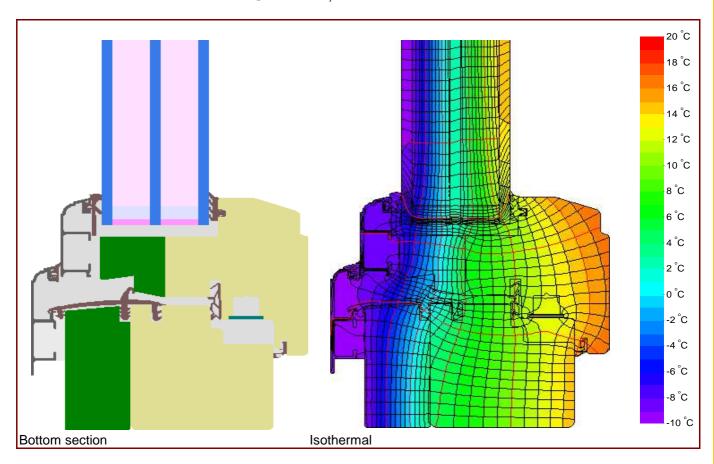
Data Sheet Beijing Milan Window Energy Saving Co., Ltd, Passiv 115

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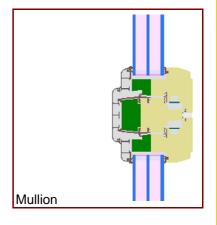


#### **Description**

Timber frame (larch 0.13W/(mK)) insulated by PU (0.036W/(mK)). Glazing: 5/18/5/18/5 Pane thickness: 51 mm (5/18/5/18/5), rebate depth: 15 mm, spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate

#### Thermal data for the window frame

	U <sub>f</sub> -value	Width	$\Psi_{\rm g}$	f <sub>Rsi=0.25</sub>
	$[W/(m^2K)]$	[mm]	[W/(mK)]	[-]
Spacer			SWISSP. Ultimate*	
Bottom	0.81	119	0.025	0.73
Side/Top	0.81	119	0.025	0.73
Mullion	0.90	170	0.025	0.71

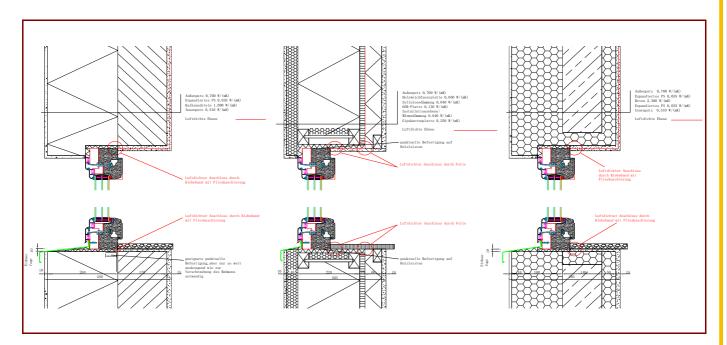


<sup>\*</sup> Spacers of lower thermal quality lead to higher thermal losses and lower glass edge temperatures.



## Data Sheet Beijing Milan Window Energy Saving Co., Ltd, Passiv 115

#### Installation



# Installation based thermal bridge $\Psi_{\mbox{\tiny instal.}}$ in Passive House suitable walls

Position		EIFS	Timber construction wall	Insulated formwork blocks
Bottom	[W/(mK)]	0.013	0.022	0.012
Side/Top	[W/(mK)]	0.004	0.014	0.004
U <sub>W,instal.</sub>	[W/(m²K)]	0.81	0.84	0.81

#### **Explanatory notes**

The window U-values were calculated based on a 1.23 m by 1.48 m window  $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K})$ . If better glazing is used, the window U-values decrease as follows:

U Glazing	$\mathbf{U_g}$ [W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)]	0.64	0.58	0.52
U Window	$\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{W}}$ [W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)]	0.75	0.71	0.67

Depending on the thermal losses through opaque elements, transparent components are categorised according to efficiency classes. These thermal losses include the losses through the frame, the frame width, the thermal bridge at the glass edge as well as the length of the glass edge. Certificates for arctic regions are too valid vor cold, certificates for cold regions are too valid for cool, temperate zones.

Please ask the manufacturer for a detailed report containing all calculations and results.

For further information, please visit www.passivehouse.com or www.passipedia.org.